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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/667,935	09/22/2003	Herbert C. Boehm	B03-60	8445
7	590 03/18/2005		EXAM	INER
William B. Lacy			BUTTNER, DAVID J	
Acushnet Com PO Box 965	pany		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Fairhaven, MA 02719-0965			1712	
			DATE MAILED: 03/18/200	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/667,935	BOEHM ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	David Buttner	1712				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period was precipited to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days fill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timety. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	_•					
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☒ This						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims		·				
4) Claim(s) 1-16 is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) 15 and 16 is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-14</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the o						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcting 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex		, ,				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati ity documents have been receive (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)	. 🗖					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:					

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Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

I. Claims 1-14, drawn to three layer golf balls having a layer grafted metallocene with a second high flex modulus polymer, classified in class 473, subclass 373.

II. Claims 15 and 16, drawn to a four layered golf ball having a layer of metallocene polymer and a layer of ionomer, classified in class 473, subclass 374.

Inventions I and II are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions are two separate balls. The two are not used together. The first requires grafting on the metallocene and further blending with another polymer. The second invention does not require grafting and places the "another polymer" in a separate layer.

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art because of their recognized divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

During a telephone conversation with Bill Lacy on 3/11/05 a provisional election was made with traverse to prosecute the invention of I, claims 1-14. Affirmation of this election must be made by applicant in replying to this Office action. Claims 15 and 16 withdrawn from further consideration by the examiner, 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a non-elected invention.

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The specification is objected to as failing to provide proper antecedent basis for the claimed subject matter. See 37 CFR 1.75(d)(1) and MPEP § 608.01(o). Correction of the following is required: The subject matter of claims 1 and 2 must be inserted in the specification. The specification (eg page 11 line 22) teaches the entire layer has a flex modulus of 65,000-120,000psi – not that the blending partner has such a flex modulus. Claim 3's polymers are discussed in the specification as alternative inner covers – not as blending partners for the grafted metallocene (paragraph bridging pages 12,13). The blending partners for the grafted metallocene are ionomers and those at listed at page 26,27.

This application has been designated a divisional of 10-097161, yet that application does support the claims for the reasons above. The instant application must be redesignated a continuation-in-part and a new oath provided unless the claims are amended to be fully supported by 10-097161. The status of the parent applications must also be updated at the beginning of the specification.

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claim 4 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 4's structure does not appear to be grafted. Is this the structure prior to grafting/

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"such as" when describing R1 is improper. Is the group limited to the subsequently named species or not?

"including" when describing R2,R3,R5 and R6 is improper. Are the groups limited to C1-C5 are not?

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-14 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rajagopalan '082 in view of Sullivan '119.

Rajagopalan claims (eg 18,21) golf balls having a thermosett polyurethane cover, a mantle layer of a grafted metallocene with ionomer and nonionomer and a core. The ionomers and nonionomers are within or overlapping applicant's flex modulus range (see claim 3). The patent does not state the polyurethane cover is castable, but it is well known in the golf ball art that this is the common molding technique for polyurethane covers (see Sullivan col 13 line 51). It would have been obvious to cast the patent's urethane cover for the expected benefits.

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

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A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 1-14 rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-51 of U.S. Patent No. 6677401.

Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the patent also claims golf balls having a castable cover and an intermediate layer of grafted metallocene with ionomer and optionally nonionomer (see claims 1,21). The ionomers and nonionomers are intended to include materials within or overlapping applicant's flex modulus range (see col 19 line 55-64).

Claims 1-14 rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-40 of U.S. Patent No. 6414082 in view of Sullivan '119.

The patent claims (eg 18,21) golf balls having a thermosett polyurethane cover, a mantle layer of a grafted metallocene with ionomer and nonionomer and a core. The ionomers and nonionomers are within or overlapping applicant's flex modulus range (see claim 3). The patent does not state the polyurethane cover is castable, but it is well known in the golf ball art that this is the common molding technique for polyurethane covers (see Sullivan col 13 line 51). It would have been obvious to cast the patent's urethane cover.

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Sullivan '119 exemplifies (#11-14) mantles of grafted metallocene with other polymers, but these other polymers are believed to have flex modulii much higher than that claimed by applicant.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to David Buttner whose telephone number is 571-272-1084. The examiner can normally be reached on weekdays from 10 to 5pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Randy Gulakowski, can be reached on 571-272-1302. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). David Buttner PRIMARY EXAMINER

3/14/05

Down J. BUTTNER

David Buttner PRIMARY EXAMINER